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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/836,855	04/16/2001	Eric Rosc	TACOBEL.022A 5107	
	7590 05/22/2007 RTENS OLSON & BEA	EXAMINER		
2040 MAIN STREET			KHATTAR, RAJESH	
FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,		·	3693	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/22/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/836,855	ROSE, ERIC			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Rajesh Khattar	3693			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
• •	VIO OET TO EVOIDE AMOUTU	(O) OD THEOTY (OO) DAYO			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on May	y 8, 2007.				
·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application	n				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	n)-(d) or (f).			
 Certified copies of the priority document 	its have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	• •				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Burea					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not receive	ea.			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal l				

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgements

As per conference call dated May 7, 2007, it was agreed that Hayman reference does not teach the limitation of claim 3, in particular, selectively sending the order to different workstation. Therefore, finality as indicated in the Office Action dated March 1, 2007 is not proper and has been withdrawn. However, further search and consideration resulted in new ground of rejection, necessitated by amendment filed on Jan. 25, 2007, and hence finality of the current Office Action is proper.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 12 recites the limitation "the drink" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Examiner is interpreting the term "the drink" to be the second portion of the food order.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayman in view of Alpdemir and Mueller, US Patent No. 5,235,509.

Hayman teaches a point-of-sale (POS) register in which food orders are entered (see for example the paragraph bridging columns 1 and 2). Examiner notes that a cash register is a point-of-sale.

Hayman further teaches a plurality of order modules (see for example the paragraph bridging columns 1 and 2).

Hayman further teaches a router connected between said POS register and order modules for selectively routing said POS register to a particular one of said modules (see for example the paragraph bridging columns 1 and 2).

Examiner notes that Hayman's "work stations where such food item is to be prepared" represents Applicant order module. Examiner further notes that as food is ordered in Hayman and food prepare uses the module to receive this order (via CRT) and then use CRT to indicate completion of the order (see column 1, line 68 – column 2, line 11).

Hayman does not teach a text-to-speech synthesizer for converting the POS entries into audible speech; a speech-to-text circuit for recognizing and converting voice commands into control signals and whereby a restaurant worker speaks an audible command into a microphone and receives on headphones audible synthesized voice reciting an order entered into said POS register without the worker having to view any visual display.

Alpdemir teaches a speech-to-text conversion engine converting speech-based input commands and data received from an external device over a communication link into text-based commands and data; a data base storing a plurality of data items; a

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search engine searching the database for a particular data item in response to the text-based command and data; a text-to-speech conversion engine generating a speech-based representation of the particular data item identified in the database search; and a speech server for communicating the speech-based representation of the particular data item to the external device (see paragraph bridging columns 2 and 3).

Alpdemir teaches an exemplary Speech Server which includes a Dialogic Antares board-based automatic speech recognizer (speech-to-text) that translates the voice data into ASCII text (or another code or symbols) that identifies the spoken words and returns a text or other symbolic representation of the results to the application. The application accesses, via for example a T-1 line or faster Internet connection, the database of the Information Center. Real-time (or near-real-time), active vocabularies are generated at run-time using the database's ASCII text or symbols. The application uses the ASCII text from the database, passes it to a second Antares board running a text-to-speech (TTS) algorithm. The TTS algorithm generates the final voice or audio information that is played to the caller (see column 5, lines 29-42).

Examiner notes that speech recognition is known to enable operators to request information and control systems when their hands and eyes are busy (such as in a restaurant environment). In addition, voice input requires much less user training than do systems relying on complex keyboards, switches, push buttons and other similar devices (see US Patent number 4,624,008 to Vensko et al.; column 1, lines 10-19).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the interaction between the food preparers and the CRT order

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modules of Hayman (i.e. food prepare uses the module to receive orders (via CRT) and then use CRT to indicate completion of the order (see column 1, line 68 – column 2, line 11)) by incorporating a Speech Server as taught by Alpdemir. Such a modification would allow the food preparers to speak a command, the order module would recognize the command and then present the prepares with the information requested, such as the next order they need to prepare.

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to modify the references in order to enable operators to request information and control systems when their hands and eyes are busy as well as to provide a system that would require much less training.

However, neither Hayman nor Alpdemir specifically discloses selectively sending the order to different workstation. However, this limitation is disclosed by Mueller et al. US Patent No. 5,235,509 (col. 11, lines 3-20). Therefore, it would have been obvious for a person having ordinary skills in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Hayman and Alpdemir to incorporate the disclosure of Mueller of selectively routing the order to different workstation. One would have been motivated to do so in order to prepare order in least amount of time by selectively sending a portion of the order to different workstation (in this case, preparation terminal) as taught by Mueller.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments dated Nov. 22, 2006, Jan. 25, 2007 and May 8, 2007 with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rajesh Khattar whose telephone number is 571-272-7981. The examiner can normally be reached on Flex schedule.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Kramer can be reached on 571-272-6783. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RK May 15, 2007

JAMES A. KRAMER
UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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